

Anti-Mouse Endocan / ESM-1 Monoclonal Antibody Clone GGR237 (Internal)

Essential Notes

Cat. Number : LIA-1101

Clone : GGR237

Size : 100 µg

Formulation : PBS pH 7.4

Storage : -20°C

Immunogen : Mouse recombinant endocan (chimera fused with human Fc)

Specificity : mouse and rat endocan

Source : rat

Ig isotype : IgG2a, K

Applications : IP

For research use only

■ Preparation/source

Endocan/ESM-1 is a 165 amino acid peptide that carries a dermatan sulfate chain. Anti-mouse endocan / ESM-1 monoclonal antibody clone GGR237 was produced from a hybridoma resulting from the fusion of a mouse myeloma Sp2/0 cells with B cells obtained from rat immunized with mouse recombinant endocan (chimera fused with human Fc) (Lassalle et al. 1996; Bechard et al. 2000). Antibody purification used protein G affinity chromatography.

■ Formulation

Solution in phosphate buffer saline 1x, pH 7.4

■ Concentration

The concentration of GGR237 is 1 mg/mL as determined by colorimetric protein assay.

■ Purity

Purity > 90%, as determined by SDS-PAGE and as visualized by silver staining.

■ Specificity & Bioactivity

Specificity is determined by ability to recognize **mouse and rat endocan** but not to cross-react with human endocan.

■ Storage

Samples in PBS can be easily aliquoted. They can be stored frozen from -20°C to -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

■ Applications

Immunoprecipitation (IP) : The anti-mouse endocan / ESM-1 antibody clone GGR237 is recommended for immunoprecipitation of mouse endocan. Recommended working dilutions were determined to be 5 µg/mL.

Optimal dilutions should be determined according sample origins.

Other : to be determined.

■ Bibliography related to GGR237 Antibody Applications

- Bechard et al. (2000)** Characterization of the secreted form of ESM-1 by specific monoclonal antibodies. *J. Vasc. Res.* 37:417-425.
- Depontieu et al. (2008)** Loss of Endocan tumorigenic properties after alternative splicing of exon 2. *BMC Cancer* 8:14-21
- Tissier et al. (2004)** Calpain inhibitors improve myocardial dysfunction and inflammation induced by endotoxin in rats. *Shock* 21(4):352-357

■ BACKGROUND

Endocan, also known as endothelial cell-specific molecule (ESM-1), was originally discovered by Lassalle and collaborators in endothelial cells (Lassalle et al. 1996). Structurally, endocan is a dermatan sulfate proteoglycan of 50 kDa that is freely circulating in blood (Bechard et al. 2001a; Sarrazin et al. 2010a). Endocan binds CD11a/CD18 integrin (also called LFA-1 for Leukocyte Function-associated Antigen-1) on human leukocytes inhibiting consequently its binding to ICAM-1 and transendothelial migration (Bechard et al. 2001b). Moreover, endocan has been recently described as a biomarker of tip cells (Sarrazin et al. 2010b). The expression of endocan is upregulated by pro-inflammatory molecules such as tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF α), and pro-angiogenic molecules such as vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) and fibroblast growth factor 2 (FGF-2) (Grigoriu et al. 2006; Sarrazin et al. 2006; Maurage et al. 2009). Endocan binds via its dermatan sulfate chain to hepatocyte growth factor/scatter factor (HGF/SF) (Bechard et al. 2001a; Sarrazin et al. 2010b). Elevated blood levels of endocan has been reported in patients with lung and kidney cancers as well as in patients with severe sepsis (Bechard et al. 2001b; Scherpereel et al. 2003; Grigoriu et al. 2006; Scherpereel et al. 2006; Sarrazin et al. 2010b; Leroy et al. 2010). Endocan appears as a pertinent biomarker of endothelial dysfunction (Sarrazin et al. 2010b).

■ Endocan Background Bibliography

- Abid et al. (2006)** Vascular endocan is preferentially expressed in tumor endothelium. *Microvasc. Res.* 72:136-145.
- Bechard et al. (2001a)** Endocan is a novel CS/DS proteoglycan that promotes HGF/SF mitogenic activity. *J. Biol. Chem.* 276:48341-48349.
- Bechard et al. (2001b)** Human ESM-1 binds directly to the integrin CD11a/CD18 (LFA-1) and blocks binding to ICAM-1. *J. Immunol.* 167:3099-3106.
- Lassalle et al. (1996)** ESM-1 is a novel human endothelial cell-specific molecule expressed in lung and regulated by cytokines. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271:20458-20464.
- Leroy et al. (2010)** Vascular endocan (ESM-1) is markedly overexpressed in clear cell renal cell carcinoma. *Histopathology* 56:180-187.
- Maurage et al. (2009)** Endocan expression and localization in human glioblastomas. *J. Neuropathol. Exp. Neurol.* 68:836-844.
- Sarrazin et al. (2006)** Endocan or endothelial cell specific molecule-1 (ESM-1): a potential novel endothelial cell marker. *BBA Reviews* 1765:25-37.
- Sarrazin et al. (2010a)** Characterization and binding activity of the chondroitin/dermatan sulfate chain from Endocan, a soluble endothelial proteoglycan. *Glycobiology.* 20:1380-1388.
- Sarrazin et al. (2010b)** Endocan as a biomarker of endothelial dysfunction in cancer. *J. Canc. Sci. Ther.* 2:47-52.
- Scherpereel et al. (2003)** Overexpression of endocan induces tumor formation. *Cancer Res.* 63:6084-6089.
- Scherpereel et al. (2006)** Endocan, a new endothelial marker in human sepsis. *Crit. Care Med.* 34:532-537.
- Tsai et al. (2002)** Cloning and characterization of the human lung ESM-1 promoter. *J. Vasc. Res.* 39:148-159.

■ Companion products

- Anti-human endocan/ESM-1 mAb (C-ter) ; clone MEP14 : **LIA-1001**
- Anti-human endocan/ESM-1 mAb (N-ter) ; clone MEP08 : **LIA-0901**
- Anti-mouse endocan/ESM-1 (N-ter) ; clone GGR222 : **LIA-0905**
- DIYEK EndoMark M1 (ImmunoAssay against murine endocan) : **LIK-1102**
- Mouse recombinant endocan/ESM-1 (50 kDa) : **LIP-1003**

Address : Lunginnov s.a.s, Campus de l'Institut Pasteur de Lille, 1 rue du Pr Calmette, 59000 LILLE, France
Supports & Orders: www.lunginnov.com

Tel: (33) 320 877 211 Fax: (33) 320 877 884